



Whistleblowing

Internal Policy

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1 POLICY REQUIREMENT AND PURPOSE

The purpose of this Policy is to promote a corporate environment where Employees and Third Parties are encouraged to make Reports on Unacceptable Conduct within the UniCredit Bulbank AD (Bank) in recognition of their significant contribution to self-correction and excellence.

This Policy is approved in compliance with European Directive 2019/1937 and Protection of Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act.

The Rules should be considered in conjunction with the Internal Policy Code of conduct (UCB COM-57) and Internal Policy against Harassment, Sexual Misconduct and Bullying (UCB HR-57).

Unacceptable Conducts refer to any action and/or omission in a work-related context or impacting it, that is or could be harmful to or jeopardize the Bank and/or its Employees, including conduct that is:

- Illegal, unfair or unethical;
- A breach of laws and regulations, including but not limited to EU Union laws; or
- A failure to comply with internal rules.

This Policy defines adequate communication channels for the receipt, analysis and use of Reports of Unacceptable Conduct within the Bank.

2 APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE

The Bank respects - and all Employees and all Third Parties are required to respect - all applicable international, national, and local laws and regulations. There may also be behaviors UniCredit Group prohibits irrespective of whether or not these behaviors are prohibited by law. The Bank will enforce the highest standards under this Policy irrespective of whether or not the reported behavior is prohibited by law.

This Policy applies to all Bank subsidiaries, including all Third Parties (e.g. when entering into a relationship, the written agreement with a Third party should include also a whistleblowing clause). This Policy applies to all matters or alleged matters reported under the Protection of Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act, Group and Internal Policies and not only, among which are the following:

- Bribery and corruption;
- Money Laundering;
- Violation of Financial Sanctions;
- Unethical or unprofessional business conduct;
- Violation of anti-trust laws;
- Insider trading and/or market manipulation;
- facilitation of fraud or tax evasion also for clients and Third Parties;
- Harassment;
- Sexual misconduct;
- Bullying;
- Incorrect adherence to the principles of Diversity and inclusion;

- Fraud;
- Misuse of confidential customer and Company data;
- Violations of local laws and regulations;
- Non-compliance with Bank policies and procedures;
- Violation of the Code of Ethics and/or other Codes of Conduct;
- Other illegal or improper practices or behaviors.

3 MINIMUM GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS

	Minimum Requirements	Owner
Identification of the Responsible of the internal system for reporting violations	<p>The Bank identifies the Head of Compliance as Responsible of the internal system for reporting violations ("Whistleblower's Champion").</p> <p>Whistleblower's Champion has the role of ensuring and overseeing the integrity, independence and effectiveness of the Legal Entity's whistleblowing policies and procedures. The Whistleblower's Champion has a level of authority and independence within the Legal Entity, and he can access all information and personal data referred to the whistleblowing.</p> <p>In case of conflict of interest, the function that receives the Whistleblowing instead of Compliance (for example Internal Audit or P&C), must promptly inform the local Whistleblower Champion for the registration of the WB and, as soon as the case is concluded, it must inform the WB Champion on the outcome of the investigation and any proposed action.</p> <p>If the reported person is the WB Champion, it is necessary to send the Report to the Head of Competence Line (usually the Head of Internal Audit or People & Culture) who will have to take in charge the registration of the Whistleblowing.</p>	<i>Compliance</i>
Set up of Whistleblowing Managerial Forum	<p>The Bank sets up a Whistleblowing Managerial Forum usually composed by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Head of Local Compliance • Head of Local People & Culture • Head of Local Risk Management • Head of Local Internal Audit¹ <p>The Whistleblowing Managerial Forum:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • periodically monitors main trends, indicators and actions aimed at enhancing awareness on the process and culture of reporting misconducts; • must be timely involved in case of Serious report. 	<i>Compliance</i>

¹ Internal Audit is a permanent guest and without voting right

	<p>At Group Level the Whistleblowing Managerial Forum is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • convened quarterly by the Chief Compliance Officer to review indicators and trend analyses prepared based on Whistleblowing reports received at the UniCredit Group level; • timely involved in case of serious report, also if they are received by Subsidiaries. 	
<p>Set up of Whistleblowing Working Group²</p>	<p>The Bank sets up the “Whistleblowing Working Group” composed by two or more of the following individuals³:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Head of People & Culture (Senior Manager, General Compliance); • Head of Anti-Corruption (Senior Manager, AFC); • Head of Anti Financial Crime; • Head of Legal; • Head of Security; • Head of Risk Management; • Any other person nominated by competent Corporate Bodies <p>The Whistleblowing Working Group has the goal to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • analyze the report received in order to verify its admissibility. This means that such report shall be related to an unacceptable conduct in accordance with the Whistleblowing Global Policy and with the Internal Regulation; • verify that such report has sufficient elements in order to start an investigation. <p>In case of positive evaluation, it Identifies the appropriate function to carry out the investigation.</p> <p>In case of lack of relevant elements or if there is no sufficient information to start an investigation, it should archive the report.</p> <p>The Bank approves Operational Rules (UCB COM-73) of the activities of Whistleblowing Working Group and Whistleblowing Managerial Forum by proposal of the Head of Compliance</p>	<p><i>Compliance</i></p>
<p>Annual Reporting</p>	<p>The Whistleblower’s Champion prepares an Annual Report of the proper functioning on the Internal Whistleblowing system, highlighting the results of the activities carried out and of the controls performed on the respect of confidentiality and non-retaliation principles.</p> <p>The Whistleblowing Annual Report is approved by the Management Board and made available to the staff of the Bank.</p>	<p><i>Whistleblower's Champion</i></p>
<p>Reporting to UC S.p.A.</p>	<p>The Bank will send to the nominated person of UniCredit SpA the quarterly report showing, on an anonymous basis, cases, metrics and trends of the whistleblowing received in the referring period.</p>	<p><i>Compliance</i></p>

² The members of the Whistleblowing Working Group and the Members of the WB Managerial Forum may be coincident

³ To preserve objectivity in the evaluation of the Report, Members of the Whistleblowing Working Group must represent at least two different Competence Lines.

Protection measures for involved persons in Whistleblowing process	<p>Requirements on Protection measures⁴:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Bank grants the protection⁵ of the whistleblower and of the witness against any form of retaliation, including threats of retaliation and attempts of retaliation, discrimination or penalization as a result of having made the Report in good faith. • Any act of retaliation or discrimination against the whistleblower and the witness is forbidden and, if ascertained, it may lead to a disciplinary proceeding against the responsible individual and it could lead to sanctions and criminal proceeding by Authorities according to local laws⁶. • The Employee who reports or witnesses the existence of an Unacceptable Conduct is entitled to request that the Bank relocates him/her to a different department and, when necessary, to provide independent counselling for any distress caused by the Report. The Bank grants the fulfillment of such requests wherever it is reasonably practical and justified to do so. • The Bank ensures that the person reporting the misconduct is not adversely affected in terms of work assignments or other work-related activities as a consequence. • The Banks ensures the confidentiality of the personal information of the whistleblower, of the witness and of the concerned person (natural or legal person who is referred to in the Report or disclosure as a person to whom the breach is attributed or with which he/she is associated) in all phases of the reporting procedure. The Bank will maintain the confidentiality of whistleblowers, unless: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the whistleblower consents to the disclosure; ○ the disclosure is required by local laws ⁷ (e.g. the need to involve authorities/police or it is essential for the defense of the Concerned Person); or ○ the disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious threat to a person's health or safety. 	<p><i>People and Culture</i></p>
Sanctions measures	<p>Unauthorized disclosure of the identity of the whistleblower, the witness or the concerned person (or information from which their identity could be inferred), will be regarded as a breach of this Policy and sanctions laid down against those who violate the protection measures.</p> <p>Any action aimed to illegally uncover the identity of a whistleblower, of a witness or of a concerned person, is considered a breach of this Policy</p>	<p><i>People and Culture</i></p>

⁴ More details in Art. 33 Protection of Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act

⁵ The measures for the protection of the Whistleblowers shall also apply, where relevant, to: (a) facilitators, who are persons assisting the Whistleblower in the reporting procedure; (b) third persons who are connected with the reporting persons and who could suffer retaliation in a work-related context, such as colleagues or relatives of the reporting persons; and (c) legal entities that the reporting persons own, work for or are otherwise connected with in a work-related context.

⁶ According to art. 34 Protection of Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act, in event of breach of a prohibition of retaliation, the whistleblower shall be entitled to compensation for the material and non-material damages suffered. According to art. 43, par. 1 Protection of Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act, liable to a fine of BGN 2,000 to BGN 8,000, unless subject to a more severe penalty, shall be a person who takes action for the purpose of repression against the person who issued the report or against a person related to him/her

⁷ Art. 31, par. 5 Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act

	and is subject to relevant disciplinary proceedings and it could lead to sanctions by Authorities⁸ .	
Record keeping and data protection	<p>These records must be stored securely by the nominated person in a material and/or electronic repository in compliance with the rules in force within the Bank on the classification and handling of the confidential information and in compliance with relevant local laws and regulations. These records may be stored in Compliance and in any functions involved in any investigation and must be accessed only by the Employees that based on their role have to access to the records.</p> <p>The procedure for the record keeping shall be determined by internal order of the Head of Compliance in line with the ordinance of the national external reporting authority.</p> <p>Only information that is required to be stored by applicable local law or by internal rules of the Bank, will be retained. Record retention period is 5 years counting from making the final decision on the signal. The procedure for the deletion of the data received in the event of reports of unacceptable behavior, according to this policy, after the expiration of the retention period in Compliance is approved by Head of Compliance.</p> <p>Personal data not useful for the processing of the report must be immediately delated.</p> <p>In compliance with local law or by internal rules, whistleblower, concerned person and any witness have the right to obtain a confirmation in case there is a personal data processing regarding him/her and can therefore ask for any adjustment, integration, update or cancellation if the personal data are no longer necessary in relation to the purposes for which they were collected or otherwise processed.</p>	<i>Compliance</i>
Training and communication	The Bank undertakes to provide up to date, mandatory training on whistleblowing to all Employees which outlines the relevant procedures to follow, and the potential consequences should misconduct occur.	<i>People and Culture Compliance</i>
Update of the rules	The Bank undertakes to review at least once at three years its whistleblowing rules, to analyze the case law by the application of the local legislation ant to update its rules if nessasery.	<i>Compliance</i>

4 PROCESS VALUE CHAIN

The Whistleblowing process should consider the following:

- Management of Internal and external Reports of unacceptable conduct submitted
- Investigation of internal report
- Outcome of the investigation of internal report

⁸ Art. 44 Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act

Please refer to the Annex 1 for the schematic representation of the whistleblowing process.

4.1 Management of Internal and External Reports of unacceptable conduct submitted

4.1.1 Internal reports

	Operational Requirements	Owner
Report submission	<p>If an Employee or a Third Party believes that an Unacceptable Conduct has occurred <u>or it is likely to occur</u>, he/she should report it to the Head of Compliance of the Bank. In case a Report refers to the previous mentioned persons, an Employee or Third Party should directly inform the Top Management⁹ of the Bank or the Chief Compliance Officer of UniCredit S.p.A.</p> <p>If Employees or Third Party have any doubts as to whether conduct is an unacceptable one, they may informally discuss the matter with their manager or with the local Compliance, who will treat such discussion confidential.</p>	<i>Employee or a Third Party</i>
	<p>If a Report is sent to a function different from Compliance, such function shall forward it – with most urgency and confidentiality – to Compliance. This is independent from the whistleblowing channels used and/or the type of Report received (anonymous or not anonymous). Should a Report relate to a fraud and if the Report is received directly by the Security Function or Fraud Prevention Function of the Legal Entity, such function will handle the Report in accordance with its internal rules (e.g, GOR 1890- Corporate Internal Investigations),, while promptly informing the Compliance function.</p>	<i>Local function that receives the report (different from compliance)</i>
Whistleblowing channels for report submission	<p>Reports can be sent by the Employee or the Third Party either indicating his/her identity or anonymously through the whistleblowing channels put in place by the Company. The channels guarantee the confidentiality of the identity of the whistleblower unless the whistleblower agreed to the disclosure of his/her identity. The Reports could be sent:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • by phone; • on a dedicated website¹⁰; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • by an email address; • in paper form to a specific address • by physical meeting¹¹. 	<i>Employee or a Third Party</i>

⁹ “Top Management” means members of the Management Board.

¹⁰ The website allows to write a message or record it (e.g SpeakUp tool)

¹¹ In case of physical meeting and/or unrecorded telephone every LE shall ensure, with the consent of the reporting person, a complete and accurate minutes of the meeting / phone call that shall be submitted for approval to the whistleblower. For this purpose, a form approved by the national body for external whistleblowing is used.

	<p>It is not mandatory to make all the above channels available at the same time, but in any case at least one that allows anonymous reporting</p> <p>The Bank shall provide clear and easily accessible information on the terms and conditions of reporting. The information shall be made available on the internet and the intranet websites of the Bank.</p>	
Information to the Whistleblowing Working group	<p>Once a Report is received, the Head of Compliance, or the person nominated to deal with the whistleblowing report (the “nominated person”), will promptly inform the “Whistleblowing Working Group”).</p>	<i>Head of Compliance, or the Compliance person nominated to deal with the whistleblowing report (the “nominated person”)</i>
Report’s Preliminary evaluation	<p>The Head of Compliance, or the “nominated person”, and the Whistleblowing Working group will make a preliminary evaluation of the Report.</p> <p>If the report should be classified as “serious case” it will follow the detail process as defined in annex 1.</p> <p>In the event that a Report refers to one of the WB Working Group members, that member will be excluded from participating in the review of the report received to avoid conflicts of interest.</p> <p>If, in the Whistleblowing working group’s opinion, an Employee or a Third Party makes a Report other than in Good Faith, such conduct will be treated seriously and may lead to disciplinary and/or legal actions.</p>	<i>Head of Compliance, or the “nominated person” and the Whistleblowing Working group</i>
“Investigator” appointment	<p>If the Whistleblowing working group believes that there is sufficient evidence of Unacceptable Conduct to establish a reasonable basis for an investigation, will appoint a person/function in charge of such investigation (hereinafter, the “Investigator”) according to the specific matter reported. The employees in charge of the investigation shall not have conflict of interest with the signal in matter.</p>	<i>Whistleblowing Working group</i>
Information to Internal Audit	<p>In the case of Reports concerning particularly serious situations ("Serious cases") it will inform the head of Internal Audit on the start of an investigation.</p>	<i>Whistleblowing Working group</i>
Whistleblower’s notification	<p>All Reports, both oral or in writing, will be taken into serious consideration by the Bank and the Compliance function has to send an acknowledgment of receipt of the Report to the whistleblower within no more than seven days receipt.</p> <p>If there is not sufficient evidence of Unacceptable Conduct, the whistleblower will be informed of the decision.</p>	<i>Compliance</i>

It should be noted that the Bank prefers Named Reports, since:

- It is more difficult to investigate the concern if people cannot ask follow-up questions;
 - It is more difficult to organize the protection of the whistleblower; and
 - it is more difficult to give feedback on the result of the investigation to the whistleblower.
- Reports are accepted in English or in local language.

Should Employees or a Third Party consider that a Report is not being taken seriously within the Bank, then they should contact the Chief Compliance Officer of UniCredit or the “nominated person”.

Exception

If a Report falls under scope of the **Internal Complaint Regulation** (UCB CSM-5) and it is not explicitly labeled as whistleblowing report, it shall be processed in the complaints handling process.

4.1.2 External Reports of unacceptable conduct

The European Directive 2019/1937 provides that Whistleblowers may provide information on violations using external channels, after using internal whistleblowing channels, or by reporting directly through external whistleblowing channels, if the conditions provided for by local laws are observed. The whistleblower can also contact the local competent Authority especially when he/she considers that a Report will/is not be/being taken seriously within the Bank.

For this reason, the Bank shall provide to employees and third parties clear and easily accessible information regarding the procedures and topics for reporting externally to the local competent authorities and, where relevant, to institutions, bodies, offices or agencies of the European Union (e.g. on local institutional website).

However, the Employees and Third Party are invited to use the internal reporting channels first.

The Employees and Third Party may also choose to make a "public disclosure," making information about violations publicly available through the press or electronic media or otherwise through means of distribution capable of reaching a large number of people¹².

4.2 Investigation of internal reports

	Operational Requirements	Owner
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¹² According to art. 7 Persons Who Report or Publicly Disclose Information on Breaches Act, A person who publicly discloses information on a breach shall have the right to protection under this Act where he or she had reasonable grounds to believe that the information on the breach was correct at the time of its disclosure and that such information falls within the scope of Article 3 if any of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- (a) the person first reported internally and externally, or directly externally in accordance with what disposed into Directive, but no appropriate action was taken in response to the report within the timeframe identified into Directive or
- (b) the person has reasonable grounds to believe that:
 - (i) the breach may constitute an imminent or manifest danger to the public interest, such as where there is an emergency situation or a risk of irreversible damage; or
 - (ii) in the case of external reporting, there is a risk of retaliation or there is a low prospect of the breach being effectively addressed, due to the particular circumstances of the case, such as those where evidence may be concealed or destroyed or where an authority may be in collusion with the perpetrator of the breach or involved in the breach.

Fairness and impartiality	Where required by local law, the investigator may made aware the people who may be affected by the investigation and may made aware of evidence against them and have the opportunity to put their case.	<i>Investigator</i>
Involvement and support	<p>The investigator may decide, for assisting in carrying out the necessary checks/investigation, to propose the appointment of the Internal Audit function or another controls function. Any report produced by Internal Audit will be classified as "restricted", which, in accordance with the internal rule on the classification of information of the competence line Internal Audit, corresponds to the maximum level of confidentiality.</p> <p>The Internal Audit function has the right - in the event of disagreement or lack of resources - not to accept the assignment, in accordance with the Internal Audit Charter and the rules in force within the Group. In such a case the Investigator/function responsible for carrying out the investigation will consider whether to escalate the matter to the attention of the competent corporate bodies. If the assignment has been accepted, the Internal Audit function, will operate independently and in full compliance with the provisions of the Internal Audit Charter, the Internal Audit Manual and their standard approach.</p>	<i>Investigator</i>
Advice and assistance	May obtain specialist advice (for example external legal advice or internal advice from specialist groups) on matters outside its expertise.	<i>Investigator</i>
Appropriateness and confidentiality	<p>Must ensure that the investigation is carried out with due care and appropriate speed, respecting confidentiality.</p> <p>Serious Reports, even if anonymous, have to be managed and escalated timely and in a confidential way according to the specific Group process that ensures Top Management involvement of the Bank and of UniCredit S.p.A. in the analyses, action plan definition and on investigation results, recommendations and monitoring (as defined in Annex 1).</p>	<i>Investigator</i>
Concerned person and whistleblower's Update	To the extent permitted by local law, the Bank must update both the concerned person and the whistleblower about the development of the investigation.	<i>Investigator and Compliance</i>

4.3 Outcome of the investigation of internal report

	Operational Requirements	Owner
Report submission after investigation	Once the investigation has been completed, the Report will be submitted to the Whistleblowing Working Group and managed as described in Annex 1.	<i>Investigator</i>
Investigation Report contents	<p>The report should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Summarize the conduct of the investigation and the evidences; 	<i>Investigator</i>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw conclusions about the extent of any non-compliance; • Provide recommendations and suggest actions to remedy the non-compliance, which aim to ensure that it does not recur in the future¹³ 	
Recommendations and Disciplinary actions (if any)	<p>The Whistleblowing working group may make recommendations including whether it is necessary to take disciplinary action. In any case, People & Culture will be the ultimate body to handle any disciplinary actions.</p> <p>It should be noted that an Employee who has committed or is involved in Unacceptable Conduct will not be immune from possible disciplinary action merely because he has reported his own or others' Unacceptable Conduct in accordance with this Policy. <u>However, such circumstance may be taken into consideration in the assessment of any disciplinary actions to be adopted.</u></p>	<i>Whistleblowing working group and People & Culture (in case of disciplinary actions)</i>
Follow – up	The whistleblower will receive feedback about the follow-up to the Report, within three months from the acknowledgment of receipt of it or , if no acknowledgement was sent to the reporting person, three months from the expiry of the seven-day period after the report was made .	<i>Compliance</i>

5 ATTACHMENTS

1. Whistleblowing process and focus on Serious Cases

6 REFERENCES

Definitions and acronyms	Concerned Person	A natural or legal person who is referred to in the report or public disclosure as a person to whom the breach is attributed or with whom that person is associated.
	Employees	All persons linked to UniCredit S.p.A. and to Legal Entities through an employment contract
	Group	The Group, composed of UniCredit S.p.A. and of the Group Legal Entities.
	Legal Entity	Legal Entity directly or indirectly controlled by UniCredit S.p.A.

¹³ The investigation and the analysis underlying the outcomes must be duly traceable.

	Named Report	Report that specifies the identity of the whistleblower.
	Nominated Person	An impartial person competent for following-up on the reports which may be the same person or department as the one that receives the reports and which will maintain communication with the reporting person and, where necessary, ask for further information from and provide feedback to that reporting person
	Report	The oral or written communication of information on breaches
	Report other than in Good Faith	Report that is false and unfounded, meaning to damage or cause detriment to one or more Employees or to the Group.
	Public Disclosure	The Employees and Third Party may also choose to make a "public disclosure," making information about violations publicly available through the press or electronic media or otherwise through means of distribution capable of reaching a large number of people.
	Retaliation	According to EU Directive 1937/2019, retaliation and attempts of retaliation include in particular the form of: a) suspension, lay-off, dismissal or equivalent measures; b) demotion or withholding of promotion; c) transfer of duties, change of location of place of work, reduction in wages, change in working hours; d) withholding of training; e) negative performance assessment or employment reference; f) imposition or administering of any disciplinary measure, reprimand or other penalty, including a financial penalty; g) coercion, intimidation, harassment or ostracism; h) discrimination, disadvantageous or unfair treatment; i) failure to convert a temporary employment contract into a permanent one, where the worker had legitimate expectations that he or she would be offered permanent employment; j) failure to renew, or early termination of, a temporary employment contract; k) harm, including to the person's reputation, particularly in social media, or financial loss, including loss of business and loss of income; l) blacklisting on the basis of a sector or industry-wide informal or formal agreement, which may entail that the person will not, in the future, find employment in the sector or industry; m) early termination or cancellation of a

		contract for goods or services; n) cancellation of a licence or permit; o) psychiatric or medical referrals.
	Serious Whistleblowing	A Whistleblowing can be classified as Serious when: (i) the person allegedly accused of an unacceptable conduct has relevant Top Management position (e.g. GEC -2 and above, local CEOs or Foreign Branch Managers) or (ii) it refers to a sensitive process (e.g., AML procedures) or (iii) it has been addressed to a Supervisory Authority, a Tax Authority, a Judicial Authority and Media or (iv) it is related to an unacceptable conduct assessed as serious by Whistleblowing Working Group (e.g. High impact case as reputational risk).
	Third Parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individuals or legal entities linked to the company by contract such as, for example, suppliers, contractors, external consultants linked to the Company by a mandate contract, shareholders, etc.; • Any person working under the supervision and direction of contractors, subcontractors, and suppliers; • Former employees and former consultants/secondees; • candidates for a job who have been involved in the recruitment process or other pre-contractual negotiations; • volunteers and paid or unpaid trainees; • all members of executive, strategic and control bodies, including non executive members •
	Whistleblower	A natural person who reports or publicly discloses information on breaches acquired in the context of his or her work-related activities

Associated Rules	<p><i>UCB HR-57 Internal Policy against Harassment, Sexual Misconduct and Bullying</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-58 Single Rulebook on anti-bribery and anti-corruption measures of UniCredit Bulbank AD and its subsidiaries</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-35 Internal rules of UniCredit companies in Bulgaria for control and prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-89 Internal Policy - Single Antitrust Rulebook</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-114 Internal Policy Market Abuse</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-102 Internal Policy Market Abuse Trade Surveillance & Case Management</i></p>
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	<p><i>UCB COM-98 Internal Policy Privacy</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-9 Policy MIFID II – Provision of investment services and activities</i></p> <p><i>UCB CSM-5B5P Internal Complaints Regulation</i></p> <p><i>UCB FRAUD-24 Security policy Antifraud</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-106 Internal Policy Compliance Culture</i></p> <p><i>UCB COM-57 Code of Conduct</i></p>
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This document was adopted at a meeting of the Management Board of UniCredit Bulbank AD with Minutes No 53 of 04.10.2023.